

9 VAC 25-71-10. Definitions.

For the purposes of this chapter, the following definitions apply:

"Act" means the Clean Water Act (USC Title 33, Chapter 26, §1251 et seq.) and standards and regulations promulgated thereunder;

"Board " means the State Water Control Board;

"Discharge" includes, but is not limited to, any spilling, leaking, pumping, pouring, emitting, emptying, or dumping;

"Discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel" means discharges of graywater (galley, bath and shower water), bilge water, cooling water, weather deck runoff, ballast water, oil water separator effluent, and any other discharge from a properly functioning marine engine or propulsion system, shipboard maneuvering system, crew habitability system, or installed major equipment, such as an aircraft carrier elevator or catapult, or from a protective, preservative, or adsorptive application to the hull of a vessel, or a discharge in connection with the testing, maintenance, and repair of a system described above whenever the vessel is waterborne. It does not include a discharge of rubbish, trash, garbage, other such material discharged overboard or pollution;

"Industrial Wastes" means liquid or other wastes resulting from any process of industry, manufacture, trade or business, or from the development of natural resources;

"Marine sanitation device" means any equipment installed on a boat or vessel and which is designed to receive, retain, treat, or discharge sewage, and any process to treat such sewage;

"Other Waste" means decayed wood, sawdust, shavings, bark, lime, garbage, refuse, ashes, offal, tar, oil, chemicals, and all other substances, except industrial waste and sewage, which may cause pollution in any state waters;

"Pollution" means such alteration of the physical, chemical or biological properties of any state waters as will or is likely to create a nuisance or render such waters (a) harmful or detrimental or injurious to the public health, safety or welfare, or to the health of animals, fish or aquatic life; (b) unsuitable with reasonable treatment for use as present or possible future sources of public water supply; or (c) unsuitable for recreational, commercial, industrial, agricultural, or other reasonable uses; provided that (i) an alteration of the physical, chemical, or biological property of state waters, or a discharge or deposit of sewage, industrial wastes or other wastes to state waters by any owner which by itself is not sufficient to cause pollution, but which, in combination with such alteration of or discharge or deposit to state waters by other owners, is sufficient to cause pollution; (ii) the discharge of untreated sewage by any owner into state waters; and (iii) contributing to the contravention of standards of water quality duly established by the Board, are "pollution" for the terms and purposes of this chapter;

"Pump-out facility" means any device, equipment or method of removing sewage from a marine sanitation device. Also it shall include any holding tanks either portable, movable or permanently installed, and any sewage treatment method or disposable equipment used to treat, or ultimately dispose of, sewage removed from boats;

"Sewage" means human body wastes, the wastes from toilets and other receptacles intended to receive or retain human wastes, and liquid-carried human wastes together with such industrial wastes and other liquid as may be present;

"State" means the Commonwealth of Virginia;

"State waters" means all water, on the surface and under the ground, wholly or partially within or bordering the Commonwealth of Virginia or within its jurisdiction, including wetlands;

"Vessel" means every description of watercraft or other artificial contrivance used, or capable of being used on the waters of the state, including boats and houseboats regardless of size, means of propulsion or place of registry;

9 VAC 25-71-20. Federal Regulations.

The following Federal Regulations are hereby incorporated by reference:

Marine Sanitation Device Standard, 40 CFR Part 140 (2002)

9 VAC 25-71-30. Penalty.

Section 62.1-44.33 provides penalties for violations of these regulations.

9 VAC 25-71-40. Miscellaneous Waste Discharges.

No person shall discharge other wastes from any vessel on any navigable or nonnavigable waters into state waters. This provision shall not prohibit discharges incidental to the normal operation of a vessel and shall not be applicable to the harvesting of seafood and fisheries products.

9 VAC 25-71-50. Sewage Discharges

Vessels with installed toilets and marine sanitation devices shall be in compliance with federal regulations at 40 CFR Part 140 (2002), which set standards for sewage discharges from marine sanitation devices. Vessels without installed toilets or without installed marine sanitation devices shall not directly or indirectly discharge sewage into state waters. Sewage and other wastes from self-contained portable toilets or other containment devices shall be pumped out at pump-out facilities or carried ashore for treatment in facilities approved by the Virginia Department of Health.

9 VAC 25-71-60. No Discharge Zones.

All discharge of sewage, whether treated or not, and other wastes from all vessels into designated No Discharge Zones is prohibited. A listing of designated No Discharge Zones within the state appears at 9 VAC 25-71-70.

9 VAC 25-71-70. Listing of Designated No Discharge Zones in the Commonwealth of Virginia.

The following are designated No Discharge Zones:

A. A No Discharge Zone is hereby established for Smith Mountain Lake in the counties of Bedford, Franklin and Pittsylvania, Virginia, from Smith Mountain Dam (Gap of Smith Mountain) upstream to the 795.0 foot contour (normal pool elevation) in all tributaries, including waters to above the confluence with Back Creek in the Roanoke River arm, and to the Brooks Mill Bridge (Route 834) on the Blackwater River arm.

Certified True and Accurate: _____

Robert G. Burnley, Director, DEQ

Date: _____